

## 2.2. Session

### 2.2.1. Introduction

StudioX provides **IStudioXSession** interface to obtain current user and tenant **without** using ASP.NET's Session. **IStudioXSession** is also fully integrated and used by other structures in StudioX (setting system and authorization system for instance)..

### 2.2.2. Injecting Session

IStudioXSession is generally **property injected** to needed classes unless it's not possible to work without session informations. If we use property injection, we can use `NullStudioXSession.Instance` as default value as shown below:

```
public class MyClass : ITransientDependency
{
    public IStudioXSession StudioXSession { get; set; }

    public MyClass()
    {
        StudioXSession = NullStudioXSession.Instance;
    }

    public void MyMethod()
    {
        var currentUserId = StudioXSession.UserId;
    }
}
```

Since authentication/authorization is an application layer task, it's advised to use `IStudioXSession` in application layer and upper layers (we don't use it in domain layer normally). `ApplicationService`, `StudioXController`, `StudioXApiController` and some other base classes has `StudioXSession` already injected. So, you can directly use `StudioXSession` property in an application service method for instance.

### 2.2.3. Session Properties

`StudioXSession` defines a few key properties:

- **UserId:** Id of the current user or null if there is no current user. It can not be null if the calling code is authorized.

- **TenantId**: Id of the current tenant or null if there is no current tenant (in case of user has not logged in or he is a host user).
- **ImpersonatorUserId**: Id of the impersonator user if current session is impersonated by another user. It's null if this is not an impersonated login.
- **ImpersonatorTenantId**: Id of the impersonator user's tenant, if current session is impersonated by another user. It's null if this is not an impersonated login.
- **MultiTenancySide**: It may be Host or Tenant.

UserId and TenantId is **nullable**. There is also non-nullable **GetUserId()** and **GetTenantId()** methods. If you're sure there is a current user, you can call GetUserId(). If current user is null, this method throws exception. **GetTenantId()** is also similar.

Impersonator properties are not common as other properties and generally used for audit logging purposes.

## ClaimsStudioXSession

ClaimsStudioXSession is the default implementation of IStudioXSession interface. It gets session properties (except MultiTenancySide, it's calculated) from claims of current user's principal. For a cookie based form authentication, it gets from cookies. Thus, it's well integrated to ASP.NET's authentication mechanism.

### 2.2.4. Overriding Current Session Values

In some specific cases, you may need to change/override session values for a limited scope. In such cases, you can use IAbpSession.Use method as shown below:

```
public class MyService
{
    private readonly IAbpSession session;

    public MyService(IAbpSession session) { this.session = session; }

    public void Test()
    {
        using (session.Use(42, null))
        {
            var tenantId = session.TenantId;
            var userId = session.UserId;
        }
    }
}
```

```
    }  
  }  
}
```

Use method returns an IDisposable and it must be disposed. Once the return value is disposed, Session values are automatically restored to the previous values.

### **Warning!**

Always use it in a using block as shown above. Otherwise, you may get unexpected session values. You can have nested Use blocks and they will work as you expect.

### **2.2.5. User Identifier**

You can use **.ToUserIdentifier()** extension method to create a UserIdentifier object from IStudioXSession. Since UserIdentifier is used in most API, this will simplify to create a UserIdentifier for current user.

StudioX.